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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1	Product identifier Product Name Product Description Trade Name Product code CAS No. EC No. REACH Registration No.	ETHANOL V4004a- ANHYDROUS ETHANOL-ETHANOL ANHYDROUS ETHANOL V4004a, BIOETHAN 64-17-5 200-578-6 -	
1.2	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified Use(s)	No. Exposure Scenario 1 Industrial Distribution of Ethanol 2 Industrial formulation and (re)packing of ethanol and its mixtures (fuels)	Page: 9 12
	Uses Advised Against	Anything other than the above.	
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Company Identification	Vitol SA Place des Bergues 3 P.O. Box 2056 1211 Geneva 1 Switzerland	
	Telephone Fax E-Mail (competent person)	+31 10 498 7200 +31 10 452 9545 xrea ch@vitol.com	
1.4	Emergency telephone number Emergency Phone No. Languages spoken	+44 (0) 1235 239 670, 24/7 All official European languages.	
SECT	ION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION		
2.1	Classification of the substance or mixture		
2.1.1	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
2.2	Label elements Product Name	According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) V4004a- ANHYDROUS ETHANOL-ETHANOL	
	Hazard Pictogram(s)		

Signal Word(s)

Hazard Statement(s)

Precautionary Statement(s)



Danger

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P303 + P361 + P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

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contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

2.3 Other hazards

May form explosive mixture with air. The vapour is heavier than air; beware of pits and confined spaces.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	%W/W
Ethanol	64-17-5	200-578-6	-	100

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES



4.1	Description of first aid measures Self-protection of the first aider	If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the responder should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.
	Inhalation	IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
	Skin Contact	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash affected skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If irritation (redness, rash, blistering) develops, get medical attention.
	Eye Contact	IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
	Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting because of risk of aspiration into the lungs. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Obtain medical attention if symptoms appear or if large quantities have been ingested.
4.2	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Ingestion: Ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract. Causes eye irritation.
4.3	Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Unlikely to be required but if necessary treat symptomatically.

5.1	Extinguishing media	
	Suitable Extinguishing media	Extinguish with sand or dry chemical. Foam, Carbon dioxide, Water fog or dry powder
	Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire.
5.2	Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and any watercourses. Decomposes in a fire giving off toxic fumes: Oxides of carbon.
5.3	Advice for fire-fighters	Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing

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apparatus. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Avoid release to the environment. Dike fire control water for later disposal.

SECT	ION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	
6.1	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Caution - spillages may be slippery. Eliminate sources of ignition. No open flames, no sparks and no smoking. Stop leak if safe to do so. Ensure suitable personal protection during removal of spillages. Avoid all contact. Keep upwind. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.
6.2	Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.
6.3	Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Highly flammable. Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Ensure that the equipment is adequately grounded. Sweep up and shovel into waste drums or plastic bags. Transfer to a lidded container for disposal or recovery.
6.4	Reference to other sections	See Section: 8,13
SECT	ION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE	
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Prevent vapour build up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. The vapour is heavier than air; beware of pits and confined spaces. Avoid inhalation and contact with eyes or skin. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Keep good industrial hygiene. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned.
7.2	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Use explosion proof electrical equipment. Keep only in original container. Keep containers properly sealed when not in use. Protect from sunlight. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residue. Containers must not be punctured or destroyed by burning, even when empty.
	Storage temperature	Stable at ambient temperatures.
		I Zana anda in adalah di santa hangi Oshtabila matandalar. Oshtabilar Mildista d
	Storage measures	Stainless steel, Titanium, Bronze.
	Storage measures	Reep only in original container. Suitable materials: Carbon steel, Mild steel, Stainless steel, Titanium, Bronze. Rubber, PVC, Zinc, Brass, Aluminium.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m ³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
Ethanol	64-17-5	1000	1920	-	-	WEL

Source: WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit (UK HSE EH40)

8.1.2 Biological limit value

Not established.

8.1.3 PNECs and DNELs

DNEL MTBE	Oral (mg/kg bw/day)	Inhalation (mg/m ³)	Dermal (mg/kg bw/day)
Industry - Long Term - Systemic effects	-	950	343
Industry - Short term - Local effects	-	1900	-
Consumer - Long Term - Systemic effects	84	114	206
Consumer - Short term - Local effects	-	950	-

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PNEC	МТВЕ	
Aquatic Compartment	PNEC aqua (freshwater) 0.96 mg/L	
	PNEC aqua (marine water) 0.79 mg/L	
	PNEC aqua (intermittent releases) 2.75 mg/L	
	PNEC STP 580 mg/L	
	PNEC sediment (freshwater) 3.6 mg/kg sediment dw	
	PNEC sediment (marine water) 2.9 mg/kg sediment dw	
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC soil 0.63 mg/kg soil dw	
Hazard for predators	PNEC Oral 0.72 g/kg	

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/ face protection



Skin protection



Respiratory protection



Thermal hazards

8.2.3 Environmental Exposure Controls

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Good hygiene practices and housekeeping measures

Wear eye protection with side protection (EN166).

Hand protection: Wear impervious gloves (EN374). Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.

Body protection: Wear work clothes with long sleeves.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. In the unlikely event of formation of particularly high levels of vapour a self contained breathing apparatus may be appropriate.

Not applicable.

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid. Colourless to yellowish liquid.
Odour	Alcohol-like
Odour threshold	Not established.
рН	Not established.
Melting point/freezing point	- 114 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	78 °C
Flash point	12-13 °C
Evaporation rate	Not established.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable - Liquid
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v): 19
	Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v): 3.3
Vapour pressure	5.9 kPa @ 20 °C
Vapour density	1.59
Relative density	0.79 g/cm³ @ 20 °C
Solubility(ies)	789,000 mg/L at 20 °C - Completely miscible with water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	- 0.35 log P @ 20 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	363 - 425 °C
Decomposition Temperature	Not established.
Viscosity	1.17 mPa•s @ 40 °C
Explosive properties	Not explosive.(Vapour may create explosive atmosphere.)



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ETHANOL V4004a

Oxidising properties

Not oxidising.

9.2 Other information None known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.2 **Chemical stability**
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.4
- Conditions to avoid

10.5 Incompatible materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition product(s)

Stable under normal conditions. Reacts with - Strong oxidising agents, Mineral acids. Stable under normal conditions. None known. Elevated temperature. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Acids. Keep away from oxidising agents. Oxides of carbon

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects				
Acute toxicity				
Ingestion				
Inhalation				
Skin Contact				
Skin corrosion/irritation				

Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity **Reproductive toxicity** STOT - single exposure STOT - repeated exposure Aspiration hazard Other information

Not classified. OECD 404 (rabbit) Mean erythema score :0 Mean edema score : 0 Eye Irrit. 2 (rabbit); Causes eye irritation. (OECD 405) Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. None.

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Not classified. LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bw/day (rat) OECD 401

Not classified. LC50 > 50 mg/l (rat) OECD 403 Not classified. LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bw/day @ (rabbit)

11.2

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- 12.1 Toxicity
- 12.2 Persistence and degradibility
- 12.3 **Bioaccumulative potential**
- 12.4 Mobility in soil
- Results of PBT and vPvB assessment 12.5
- 12.6 Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods 13.1

Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria). The substance has low potential for bioaccumulation. The product has high mobility in soil. Completely miscible with water. Not classified as PBT or vPvB. None known.

Not classified.LC50 >100 mg/l (Daphnia magna) OECD Guideline 212

Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste (2008/98/EEC). Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residue. Containers must not be punctured or destroyed by burning, even when empty. Allocation of a waste code number, according to the European Waste Catalogue, should be carried out in agreement with the regional waste disposal company. Waste code: 16 05 06*, 16 05 08*, 18 01 06*, 18 02 05*.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID UN 1170

IMDG/ADN UN 1170

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14.2	Proper Shipping Name	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	
14.4	Packing group	II	II	
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not classified as a Marine Pollutant.		
14.6	Special precautions for user	See Section: 2		
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL	This product is being carried under the scope of MARPOL Annex 1. Spe		
	73/78 and the IBC Code	Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7 'Handling and Storage' for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport.		
14.8	Additional Information	Special Provision: 640K	EmS: F-E, S-D	
		HIN: 30	Limited Quantity: 1L	
		Tunnel Code: 3 (D/E)		
		Limited Quantity: 1L		

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1	Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
15.1.1	EU regulations Seveso	
15.1.2 15.2	National regulations Chemical Safety Assessment	

Upper Tier: 50000 tonnes Lower Tier: 5000 tonnes None This safety data sheet contains more than one ES in an integrated form. Contents of the exposure scenarios have been included into sections 1.2, 8, 9, 12, 15 and 16 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements:

Header and Section 1.3

Page Header	Update version and date. Removed reference to previous regulation.
Section 2	Removed reference to previous regulation.
Section 9	Updated: Partition Coefficient, Solubility(ies)
Section 16	Updated: Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS). Removed reference to previous regulation.

References:

Existing ECHA registration(s) for Ethanol (CAS No. 64-17-5) and Chemical Safety Report. This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with EC Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830.

LEGEND

LTEL	Long Term Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
PBT	PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

Training advice: Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

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Ethanol	
CAS No.	64-17-5
EC No.	200-578-6

Summary of Parameters

Physical parameters						
Vapour pressure (hPa)				5726		
Partition Coefficient (log K _{ow})			-0.35 at 20 °C			
Aqueous solubility (mg	ı/l)			789,000 mg/L at 20 °C		
Molecular weight				46.07		
Biodegradability				Readily biodegradable.		
Human Health (DNEL	-)					
	Observation	Inhalation (mg/m³)		None		
	Short term	Dermal (mg/kg bw/day)		None		
Workers	Long Term	Inhalation (mg/m ³)		950		
		Dermal (mg/kg bw/day)		343		
Inhalatic		Inhalation (mg/m ³)		114		
Consumer		Dermal (mg/kg bw/day)		206		
		Oral (mg/kg bw/day)		87		
Environmental Parameters (PNECs)						
freshwater (mg/l) 0.9		0.96				
marine water (mg/l) 0.7		0.79				
freshwater sediment (mg/kg dry weight) 3.6		3.6				
marine sediment (mg/kg dry weight) No		Not ap	applicable			
soil (mg/kg dry weight) 0		0.63	.3			
STP (mg/l) 5		580)			
Secondary Poisoning		0.38 g/	.38 g/kg food			

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Vitol ETHANOL V4004a

Contents

Number	Title	Page:
Exposure scenario 1	Industrial Distribution of Ethanol	9
Exposure scenario 2	Industrial formulation and (re)packing of ethanol and its mixtures (fuels)	12
Contributing Scenarios	5	

PROC Codes

PROC1 Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure

PROC2 Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure

PROC3 Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC8a Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities

PROC9 Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent

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Exposure Scenario 1 – Industrial Distribution of Ethanol

1.0 Contributing Scenarios	
Sector of uses SU	SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Process category [PROC]	PROC1 Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2 Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9 Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
Chemical product category [PC]	Not applicable
Article Categories [AC]	Not applicable
Environmental release categories [ERC]	ERC2 Formulation of preparations ESVOC SpERC 1.1b.v1 (with modifications)
Specific Environmental Release Categories SPERC	Not applicable

2.0 Operational conditions and risk management measures						
2.1 Control of worker exposure						
Product characteristics						
Physical form of product	Liquid (Vapour pressure 0.5-10kPa)					
Concentration of substance in product	Covers concentrations up to 100%					
Human factors not influenced by risk mana	agement					
None						
Frequency and duration of use						
Exposure duration per day	Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). Continuous process.					
Exposure duration per year	300 days per year					
Other operational conditions affecting wor	ker exposure					
Area of use	All PROC's Indoor					
Characteristics of the surroundings	Not defined					
General measures applicable to all activitie	95					
Assumes a good basic standard of occupation	al hygiene is implemented. Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently).					
Technical conditions of use						
All PROC's	Indoor use - Handle substance within a closed system. Keep container tightly closed.					
Organisational measures						
All PROC's	Avoid splashing.					
Contributing Scenarios						
All PROC's: General measures (eye	Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.					
irritants)	Avoid splashing. Dermal protection: none.					
PROC1 Use in closed process, no likelihood	Continuous process. Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above					
of exposure	ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%					
	Risk Management Measures: None					
	Local Exhaust Ventilation: None					
	General ventilation: Not defined					
PROC2 Use in closed, continuous process	Continuous release. Emission days (days/year): 300. Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use					
with occasional controlled exposure	at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%					
	Risk Management Measures: None					
Local Exhaust Ventilation: None						
General ventilation: Not defined						
PROC3 Use in closed batch process	Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature,					
(synthesis or formulation)	unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%					
	Risk Management Measures: None					

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	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	ntilation: None				
PROC4 Use in batch and other process	Indoor use. Duratio	pn: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature.				
(synthesis) where opportunity for exposure	unless stated diffe	rently. Concentration: 25-100%				
arises	Risk Management Measures: None					
	Local Exhaust Ventilation: None					
	General ventilation: Not defined					
PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch	Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature,					
processes for formulation of preparations	unless stated diffe	rently. Concentration: 25-100%				
and articles (multistage and/or significant	Risk Management	Measures: None				
contact)	Local Exhaust Ver	tilation: None				
	General ventilation	n: Not defined				
PROC8a Transfer of substance or	Indoor use. Duratio	on: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature,				
preparation (charging/discharging) from/to	Diek Management	Monourou None				
facilities. Equipment cleaning and	Local Exhaust Vor	vieasures. None				
maintenance	General ventilation	n: Not defined				
PBOC8b Transfer of substance or	Indoor use Duratio	20° > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature				
preparation (charging/discharging) from/to	unless stated diffe	rently. Concentration: 25-100%				
vessels/large containers at dedicated	Risk Management	Measures: None				
facilities	Local Exhaust Ver	tilation: None				
	General ventilation	n: Not defined				
PROC9 Transfer of substance or	Indoor use. Duratio	on: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature,				
preparation into small containers (dedicated	unless stated diffe	rently. Concentration: 25-100%				
filling line, including weighing)	Risk Management	Measures: None				
	Local Exhaust Ver	itilation: None				
	General ventilation	n: Not defined				
PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent	Indoor use. Duratio	on: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature,				
	unless stated differ	rently. Concentration: 25-100%				
	Risk Management Measures: None					
	Local Exhaust Var	tilation, Nana				
	Local Exhaust Ver	itilation: None				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	itilation: None n: Not defined				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	itilation: None n: Not defined				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure <i>Amounts used</i> Total supply chain	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilatior	tilation: None 1: Not defined 400000 tpa				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilatior	tilation: None h: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilatior	tilation: None h: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	titilation: None n: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d):	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	tilation: None n: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor:	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	tilation: None :: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor:	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	tilation: None None None None None None None None				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Operational conditions	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	tilation: None :: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Operational conditions Emission days (days/year):	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	tilation: None 1: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100 300				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Operational conditions Emission days (days/year): Release fraction to air from process (initial released RMM):	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	tilation: None 1: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100 300 0.0001				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Derational conditions Emission days (days/year): Release fraction to air from process (initial rele RMM): Release fraction to wastewater from process (to RMM):	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	titilation: None 1: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100 300 0.0001				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Coperational conditions Emission days (days/year): Release fraction to air from process (initial rele RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial rele RMM):	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation	400000 tpa 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100 300 0.0001 0.00001 0				
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2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Operational conditions Emission days (days/year): Release fraction to air from process (initial release RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial release RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial release RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial release Technical onsite conditions and measuress Treat air emission to provide a typical remova	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation a management ease prior to initial release prior lease prior to to reduce or limit of lefficiency of (%):	400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100 300 0.0001 0 discharges, air emissions and releases to soil 0				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Operational conditions Emission days (days/year): Release fraction to air from process (initial release RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial release RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial release RMM): Technical onsite conditions and measures Treat air emission to provide a typical remova Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving wa provide the required removal officiency of (%)	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation a management ease prior to initial release prior lease prior to to reduce or limit of lefficiency of (%): ter discharge) to	titlation: None 1: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100 300 0.0001 0 discharges, air emissions and releases to soil 0 ≥ 87 If discharging to demonstrate counces to structure to least to structure to the s				
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2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Operational conditions Emission days (days/year): Release fraction to air from process (initial relation RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial relation RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial relation RMM): Technical onsite conditions and measures Treat air emission to provide a typical remova Treat soil emission to provide a typical remova	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation a management management ease prior to initial release prior lease prior to to reduce or limit of lefficiency of (%): al efficiency of (%):	tiliation: None :: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100 100 300 0.0001 0.00001 0 discharges, air emissions and releases to soil 0 ≥ 87 If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required 0				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Operational conditions Emission days (days/year): Release fraction to air from process (initial released fraction to wastewater from process (initial released fraction to soil from process (initial released fraction to provide a typical removation to provide a typical removation to provide the required removal efficiency of (%) Treat soil emission to provide a typical removation free to prevent/limit released fractional measures to prevent/limit released for the formation of the provide a typical removation of the provide of the revent of the provide a typical removation of the provide of the required removation of the provide a typical removation of the provide the required removation of the provide a typical removation of the provide the required removation of the provide a typical removation of the provide the required removation of the provide a typical removation of the provide the required removation of the provide a typical removation of the provide of the provide a typical removation of the provide	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation a management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management mana	titilation: None 1 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100 300 0.0001 0 discharges, air emissions and releases to soil 0 ≥ 87 If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required 0				
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2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Local marine water dilution factor: Operational conditions Emission days (days/year): Release fraction to air from process (initial rele RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial rele RMM): Technical onsite conditions and measures Treat air emission to provide a typical remova Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving wa provide the required removal efficiency of (%) Treat soil emission to provide a typical remova Organisational measures to prevent/limit re Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water requirements. Site should have a spill plan to Conditions and measures related to munic	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation General ventilation a management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management management manage	tilation: None :: Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 10 100 300 0.0001 0.00001 0 discharges, air emissions and releases to soil 0 ≥ 87 If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required 0 ent of spillage. Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory e safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases. ent plant 2000				
2.2 Control of environmental exposure Amounts used Total supply chain Fraction emitted to region Fraction emitted locally Environment factors not influenced by risk Flow rate of receiving surface water (m³/d): Local freshwater dilution factor: Operational conditions Emission days (days/year): Release fraction to air from process (initial rele RMM): Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial rele RMM): Release fraction to soil from process (initial rele RMM): Technical onsite conditions and measures Treat air emission to provide a typical remova Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving wa provide the required removal efficiency of (%) Treat soil emission to provide a typical remova Organisational measures to prevent/limit re Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water requirements. Site should have a spill plan to Conditions and measures (%)	Local Exhaust Ver General ventilation a management c mana	tillation: None Not defined 400000 tpa 0.1 0.5 18,000 10 100 300 0.0001 0.00001 0 discharges, air emissions and releases to soil 0 ≥ 87 If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required 0 ent of spillage. Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory e safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases. ent plant 2000 ≥ 97				

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Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Estimated amount entering waste treatment no greater than: 2%. Suitable waste treatment: Incineration, Removal efficiency (total): 99.98%. Cement kiln fuels, Removal efficiency (total): 99.98%.

To be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations. External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Substance release quantities after risk management measures				
Release to waste water from process (mg/l)	Not defined			
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d):	Not defined			

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

3.1 Human exposure prediction

Exposure assessment (method/calculation model) ECETOC TRA V3.0

	Inhal	ation	Der	mal	Overall
Process category [PROC]	inhalation exposure (mg/m³)	Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	dermal Risk exposure(mg/kg characterisation bw/day) ratio (RCR)		Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)
PROC1	0.019	<0.001	0.03	<0.001	<0.001
PROC2	9.6	0.01	1.4	0.004	0.0141
PROC3	19	0.02	0.69	0.002	0.0222
PROC4	38	0.04	6.9	0.02	0.0603
PROC5	96	0.101	14	0.04	0.141
PROC8a	96	0.101	14	0.04	0.141
PROC8b	48	0.05	14	0.04	0.0904
PROC9	96	0.101	6.9	0.02	0.121
PROC15	19	0.02	0.34	<0.001	0.0212

Note: Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for eye irritant effects. Msafe: 66700 te/day.

3.2 Environmental exposure prediction

Exposure assessment (me	ethod/calculation	model)	ECETOC TRA V3 ESVOC SpERC 1	3.0 1.1b.v1 (with modifica	tions)		
environmental STP freshwater marine water soil freshwater marine s exposure sediment sediment <t< td=""></t<>							
Predicted Environmental Exposure	0.421 mg/l	<u><</u> 0.00654mg/l	<u><</u> 0.000789 mg/l	<u><</u> 0.00189 mg/kg dw	0.0251 mg/kg dw	0.00303 mg/kg dw	
Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	7.26E-05	<u><</u> 6.81E-03	<u><</u> 9.99E-04	<u><</u> 1.11E-02	6.82E-03	1.00E-03	
Indirect exposure to humans via the environment: Negligible							

4. Evaluation guidance to downstream user				
For scaling see	If the local environmental emission conditions deviate significantly from the used default values, please use the algorithm below to estimate the correct local emissions and RCRs: PECcorrected = PECcalculated * (local emission fraction) * (local WWTP flow rate fraction) * (local river flow rate fraction) * (local STP efficiency fraction) <u>Example for calculating your local freshwater PEC:</u> Corrected freshwater PEC = 0.52 * (your local emission [kg/day] / 15) * (2000 / your local WWTP flow rate [m3/day]) * (18000 / your local river flow rate [m3/day]) * ((1 – your local WWTP efficiency)/0.1)			
Exposure assessment	Workers	ECETOC TRA V3.0		
instrument/tool/method	environmental exposure	ECETOC TRA V3.0		



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ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

Exposure Scenario 2 – Industrial formulation and (re)packing of ethanol and its mixtures (fuels)

1.0 Contributing Scenarios				
Sector of uses SU	SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites			
Process category [PROC]	PROC1 Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure PROC2 Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC8a Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities PROC9 Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent			
Chemical product category [PC]	Not applicable			
Article Categories [AC]	Not applicable			
Environmental release categories [ERC]	ERC2 Formulation of preparations ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1 (with modifications).			
Specific Environmental Release Categories SPERC	Not applicable			

2.0 Operational conditions and risk management measures					
2.1 Control of worker exposure					
Product characteristics					
Physical form of product Liquid (Vapour pressure 0.5-10kPa)					
Concentration of substance in product Covers concentrations up to 100%					
Human factors not influenced by risk management					
None					
Frequency and duration of use					
Exposure duration per day Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently). Continuous process.					
Exposure duration per year 300 days per year					
Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure					
Area of use All PROC's Indoor					
Characteristics of the surroundings Not defined					
General measures applicable to all activities					
Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented. Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently	y).				
Technical conditions of use					
All PROC's Indoor use - Handle substance within a closed system. Keep container tightly closed.					
Organisational measures					
All PROC's Avoid splashing.	Avoid splashing.				
Contributing Scenarios					
All PROC's: General measures (eye Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hand	Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.				
irritants) Avoid splashing. Dermal protection: none.	Avoid splashing. Dermal protection: none.				
PROC1 Use in closed process, no likelihood Continuous process. Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above	;				
of exposure ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%					
Risk Management Measures: None					
Local Exhaust Ventilation: None					
General ventilation: Not defined					
PROC2 Use in closed, continuous process Continuous release. Emission days (days/year): 300. Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes u	Continuous release. Emission days (days/year): 300. Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use				
at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-10	at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%				
Risk Management Measures. None					
Local Exhaust Ventilation. Note					
BENC2 Lies in closed batch presses					
Countbasis or formulation)	ambient temperature, unloss stated differently. Concentration, 25, 1000/				
Risk Management Measures: None					

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Local Exhaust Vent		ntilation: None		
	General ventilation	n: Not defined		
PROC4 Use in batch and other process Continuous proces		ss. Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above		
(synthesis) where opportunity for exposure ambient temperatu		ure, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%		
arises Risk Management		Measures: None		
Local Exhaust Ver		ntilation: None		
	General ventilation	n: Not defined		
PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch	Continuous proces	ss. Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above		
processes for formulation of preparations	ambient temperatu	ure, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%		
and articles (multistage and/or significant	Risk Management	Measures: None		
contact)	Local Exhaust Ver	itilation: None		
	General ventilation	n: Not defined		
PROUSe Transfer of substance or	Continuous proces	s. Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above		
preparation (charging/discharging) from/to	Diek Management	re, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%		
facilities	Risk Management	Measures. None		
Tacinties	General ventilation	illialion. Note		
PROC8b Transfer of substance or	Continuous proces	1.100 defined		
preparation (charging/discharging) from/to	ambient temperati	ure unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%		
vessels/large containers at dedicated	Risk Management	Measures: None		
facilities	Local Exhaust Ver	ntilation: None		
	General ventilation	n: Not defined		
PBOC9 Transfer of substance or	Continuous proces	ss Indoor use Duration: > 4 hours Assumes use at not more than 20°C above		
preparation into small containers (dedicated	ambient temperati	re, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%		
filling line, including weighing)	Risk Management	Measures: None		
·······g·····e, ····e.e	Local Exhaust Ver	ntilation: None		
	General ventilation	n: Not defined		
PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent	Continuous proces	ss. Indoor use. Duration: > 4 hours. Assumes use at not more than 20°C above		
	ambient temperatu	ure, unless stated differently. Concentration: 25-100%		
	Risk Management	Measures: None		
	Local Exhaust Ver	ntilation: None		
	General ventilation	: Not defined		
2.2 Control of environmental exposure				
Amounts used				
Total supply chain		400000 tpa		
Fraction emitted to region		1		
Fraction emitted locally		0.075		
Environment factors not influenced by risk	management			
Flow rate of receiving surface water (m ³ /d):		18,000		
Local freshwater dilution factor:		10		
Local marine water dilution factor:		100		
Operational conditions				
Emission days (days/year):		300		
Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM):		0.025		
Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM):		0.001		
Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to BMM):		0.0001		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil				
Treat air emission to provide a typical remova	efficiency of (%):	0		
Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to		≥ 87		
provide the required removal efficiency of (%):		If discharging to domestic sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required.		
Treat soil emission to provide a typical remova	al efficiency of (%):	0		
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site				
Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Prevent environmental discharge consistent with regulatory				
requirements. Site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.				
Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant				
Do not discharge to sewers or drains.				
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal				

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Estimated amount entering waste treatment no greater than: 5%. Suitable waste treatment: Incineration, Removal efficiency (total): 99.98%. Cement kiln fuels, Removal efficiency (total): 99.98%.

To be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste product or used containers according to local regulations. External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Substance release quantities after risk management measures

oubstance release quantities after hok management measures			
Release to waste water from process (mg/l)	Not defined		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d):	Not defined		
Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe) (kg/d):	Not defined		

3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

3.1 Human exposure prediction

Exposure assessment (method/calculation model)

ECETOC TRA model (v3) ESVOC SpERC 2.2.v1 (with modifications).

	Inhal	ation	Der	mal	Overall
Process category [PROC]	inhalation exposure (mg/m³)	Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	dermal exposure(mg/kg bw/day)	Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)	Risk characterisation ratio (RCR)
PROC1	0.019	<0.001	0.03	<0.001	<0.001
PROC2	9.6	0.01	1.4	0.004	0.0141
PROC3	19	0.02	0.69	0.002	0.0222
PROC4	38	0.04	6.9	0.02	0.0603
PROC5	96	0.101	14	0.04	0.141
PROC8a	96	0.101	14	0.04	0.141
PROC8b	48	0.05	14	0.04	0.0904
PROC9	96	0.101	6.9	0.02	0.121
PROC15	19	0.02	0.34	<0.001	0.0212

Note: Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for eye irritant effects. Msafe: 1240 te/day.

3.2 Environmental exposure prediction

Exposure assessment (method/calculation model)			ECETOC TRA	A model (v3) C 2.2.v1 (with modificati	ons).	
environmental	STP	freshwater	marine water	soil	freshwater	marine sediment
exposure					sediment	
Predicted						
Environmental	6.32 mg/l	0.577 mg/l	0.0635 mg/l	< 0.0883 mg/kgdw	2.21 mg/kgdw	0.244 mg/kgdw
Exposure						
Risk characterisation	1 005 02	6 01E 01	8 04E 02	< 5 10E 01	6 01 E 01	8 055 02
ratio (RCR)	1.092-02	0.012-01	0.04L-02	< 5.19⊑-01	0.012-01	0.0JL-02
Indirect exposure to humans via the environment: Negligible						

4. Evaluation guidance to downstream user				
For scaling see	If the local environmental emission conditions deviate significantly from the used default values, please use the algorithm below to estimate the correct local emissions and RCRs: PECcorrected = PECcalculated * (local emission fraction) * (local WWTP flow rate fraction) * (local river flow rate fraction) * (local STP efficiency fraction) Example for calculating your local freshwater PEC: Corrected local freshwater PEC = 0,185 * (your local emission [kg/day] / 28) * (2000 / your local WWTP flow rate [m3/day]) * (18000 / your local river flow rate [m3/day]) * ((1 – your local WWTP efficiency)/0.1)			
Exposure assessment	Workers	ECETOC TRA model. (v3).		
instrument/tool/method	environmental exposure	ECETOC TRA model (v3)		