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### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name Fame Tallow

Product Description V3023a- Fame Tallow-Fame

 Trade Name
 Fame

 Product code
 V3023a

 CAS No.
 67762-26-9

 EC No.
 267-007-0

REACH Registration No.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

and uses advised against

Identified Use(s) Fuel for engines.

Uses Advised Against Anything other than the above.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Identification Vitol SA

Place des Bergues 3 P.O. Box 2056 1211 Geneva 1 Switzerland

 Telephone
 +31 10 498 7200

 Fax
 +31 10 452 9545

 E-Mail (competent person)
 xrea ch@vitol.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone No. +44 (0) 1235 239 670, 24/7
Languages spoken All official European languages.

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Not classified as hazardous for supply/use.

2.2 Label elements According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Product Name V3023a- Fame Tallow-Fame

Contains: Not applicable

Hazard Pictogram(s)

None assigned.

Signal Word(s) None assigned.

Hazard Statement(s)

None assigned.

Precautionary Statement(s)

None assigned.

2.3 Other hazards Spillages may cause slippery road.

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1 Substances

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	%W/W	
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-	67762-26-9	267-007-0	-	100	
unsatd., Me esters					

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#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**



4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Skin Contact

Eye Contact

Ingestion

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

Remove clothing and wash thoroughly before use. Wash affected skin with soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth with water and give 200-300 ml (half a

pint) of water to drink. If symptoms develop, obtain medical attention.

None known.

Unlikely to be required but if necessary treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Other hazards

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

6.2

6.3

6.4

Extinguish with sand or dry chemical. Foam, Carbon dioxide, Water fog or dry powder

Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire.

Decomposes in a fire giving off toxic fumes: A mixture of solid and liquid particulates and gases including unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. May form explosive mixture with air. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and any watercourses. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback.

Biodiesel soaked rags or spill absorbents (i.e. oil dry, polypropylene socks, sand, etc.) can cause spontaneous combustion if stored near combustibles and not handled properly. Store biodiesel soaked rags or spill absorbents in approved safety containers and dispose of properly. Oil soaked ragsmay be washed with soap and water and allowed to dry in well ventilated area.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Avoid release to the environment. Dike fire control water for later disposal.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Methods and material for containment and cleaning

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Caution - spillages may be slippery. Stop leak if safe to do so. Ensure suitable personal protection during removal of spillages. Avoid all contact. Keep upwind.

Eliminate sources of ignition.

Avoid release to the environment. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Sweep up and shovel into waste drums or plastic bags. Transfer to a lidded container for disposal or recovery. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete.

See Section: 8, 13

# Reference to other sections **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**Environmental precautions** 

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Prevent vapour build up by providing adequate ventilation during and after use. The vapour is heavier than

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incompatibilities

Storage temperature

Incompatible materials

Storage measures

7.2





air; beware of pits and confined spaces. Avoid contact with eyes.Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Keep good industrial hygiene. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned.

Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. Keep only in original container. Keep containers properly sealed when not in use. Protect from sunlight. Containers of this material may be hazardous when

empty since they retain product residue.

50 °F – 120 °F. Stable at ambient temperatures.

Keep only in original container. Keep away from oxidising agents.

7.3 Specific end use(s) See Section: 1.2

#### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

8.1 Control parameters

**8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits** CAS No. 67762-26-9: No Occupational Exposure Limit assigned.

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr	LTEL (8 hr	STEL (ppm)	STEL	Note
		TWA ppm)	TWA mg/m³)		(mg/m³)	
Mist	None assigned.	-	10	-	-	WEL (Generic)

Source: WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit (UK HSE EH40)

Conditions for safe storage, including any

8.1.2 Biological limit value Not established.

8.1.3 PNECs and DNELs Not established.

8.2 Exposure controls

**8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls** Ensure adequate ventilation. Guarantee that the eye flushing systems and

safety showers are located close to the working place.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal

protective equipment (PPE)

Fuels are typically used, transferred and transported in closed systems. If exposure is likely (i.e. during sampling) the following advice may be appropriate.

Eye/ face protection Wear eye protection with side protection (EN166).

Skin protection



Hand protection: Wear impervious gloves (EN374). Recommended: Nitrile rubber. Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer.

Body protection: Apron or other light protective clothing, boots and plastic or rubber gloves.

Respiratory protection Open system(s): In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Recommended: BS EN 14387:2004+A1

Closed system(s): Not normally required.

When the product is heated /In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Combination filtering device (DIN EN 141) Filter type

A2

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

8.2.3 Environmental Exposure Controls Avoid release to the environment.

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#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid, Oil, Green/Yellow Odour Mild odour, Characteristic

Odour threshold Not established.
pH Not established.
Melting point/freezing point 6.29 °C @ 1 atm
Initial boiling point and boiling range 354.3 °C @ 1 atm
Flash point 173 °C +/- 1 °C

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapour pressure

Not established.

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

4.2 mbar @ 25°C

420 Pa @ 25°C 3.6 mbar @ 20°C Not established.

Vapour densityNot established.Relative density0.8881 g/cm³ @ 20°CSolubility(ies)Water: Insoluble < 0,023 mg/l</td>

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

Log Kow: 6.2 @ 25°C
261°C +/- 5°C

Not established.

Viscosity

6.1 mPa•s @ 20°C

Explosive properties

Not explosive

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

Not explosive.

Not oxidising.

**9.2 Other information** None known.

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity Stable under normal conditions. Reacts with - Strong oxidising agents, strong

bases (Forms methanol)

**10.2** Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Keep away from heat, sources of ignition and direct sunlight.
 10.5 Incompatible materials Keep away from oxidising agents. Strong Acids and Alkalis.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition product(s) A mixture of solid and liquid particulates and gases including unidentified

organic and inorganic compounds. Decomposes in a fire giving off toxic fumes:

Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Hydrocarbons.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects All test data taken from existing ECHA registrations for the substances

mentioned.

Acute toxicityBased upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.IngestionNot classified. Oral (rat) LD50 > 5000 mg/kg bw/day AFNOR NF T 03-021

Inhalation Not classified. No data.

Skin Contact Not classified. Dermal (rabbit) LD50 > 2000 mg/kg bw/day EPA OPPTS

870.1200

Skin corrosion/irritation Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not classified. OECD 404 (rabbit) Mean erythema score : < 0.33 Mean edema score : 0

Serious eye damage/irritation Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not classified. OECD 405 (rabbit)

Mean eye Irritiation score - Cornea: 0. Iris: 0. Conjunctivae: 0.16. Chemosis: 0

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization Sensitization (guinea pig) - Negative OECD 406

Respiratory sensitization Not classified. No data.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

In vitro No evidence of mutagenic effects. Bacteria. OECD 471

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In vivo

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Toxicity for reproduction

**Developmental Toxicity** 

STOT - single exposure

STOT - repeated exposure

No evidence of mutagenic effects. Hamster. OECD 475

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Weight of

evidence approach.

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not classified. NOAEC >1000 mg/kg bw/day (rat) OECD 422

Not classified. No data.

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not classified. NOAEL >1000 mg/kg bw/day (rat) OECD 422

Not classified. No data. Not classified. No data.

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. No data.

**Aspiration hazard** 11.2 Other information

Ingestion

Inhalation Skin Contact

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 **Toxicity** Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

EC50 Brachydario rerio ≥ 100 000 mg/L (48 hour) OECD 203

12.2 Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria). Degradation rate (%) 75 12.3 **Bioaccumulative potential** 

The product has low potential for bioaccumulation. Bioconcentration factor

(BCF): 2.41

12.4 Mobility in soil Degradation rate (%) 75 12.5

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects None known.

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste. Do not empty into drains, dispose of this material and its container at hazardous or special waste collection point. Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residue. Containers must not be punctured or destroyed by burning, even when empty. Allocation of a waste code number, according to the European Waste Catalogue, should be carried out in agreement with the regional waste disposal company. Waste code: Fuel Oil (130701) and Diesel Fuel (150110).

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Not classified according to the United Nations 'Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods'.

		ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA/ICAO
14.1	UN number	None assigned.	None assigned.	None assigned.
14.2	Proper Shipping Name	None assigned.	None assigned.	None assigned.
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	None assigned.	None assigned.	None assigned.
14.4	Packing group	None assigned.	None assigned.	None assigned.
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not classified	Not classified as a	Not classified
			Marine Pollutant.	

14.6 Special precautions for user See Section: 2

Product Name: Fatty acid methyl esters (m) 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC Code Pollution Category: Y

Ship Type: 2

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or

mixture

15.1.1 **EU** regulations

Authorisations and/or Restrictions On Use

15.1.2 **National regulations** 

Germany

None. None.

Water hazard class: 1

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15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment Not applicable.

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### The following sections contain revisions or new statements:

Header and Section 1.3

Page Header Updated logo, version and date

#### References:

Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS), the Classification and Labelling Inventory for Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., Me esters (CAS No. 67762-26-9)

This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with EC Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830.

#### **LEGEND**

LTEL Long Term Exposure Limit
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
DNEL Derived No Effect Level

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

PBT PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

NOAEC no observed adverse effect concentration

Training advice: Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

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